Package 'StanHeaders'

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Title C++ Header Files for Stan

Version 2.32.6

URL https://mc-stan.org/

Description The C++ header files of the Stan project are provided by this package, but it contains little R code or documentation. The main reference is the vignette. There is a shared object containing part of the 'CVODES' library, but its functionality is not accessible from R. 'StanHeaders' is primarily useful for developers who want to utilize the 'LinkingTo' directive of their package's DESCRIPTION file to build on the Stan library without incurring unnecessary dependencies. The Stan project develops a probabilistic programming language that implements full or approximate Bayesian statistical inference via Markov Chain Monte Carlo or 'variational' methods and implements (optionally penalized) maximum likelihood estimation via optimization. The Stan library includes an advanced automatic differentiation scheme, 'templated' statistical and linear algebra functions that can handle the automatically 'differentiable' scalar types (and doubles, 'ints', etc.), and a parser for the Stan language. The 'rstan' package provides user-facing R functions to parse, compile, test, estimate, and analyze Stan models.

Imports RcppParallel (>= 5.1.4)

Suggests Rcpp, BH (>= 1.75.0-0), knitr (>= 1.36), rmarkdown, Matrix, methods, rstan, withr

LinkingTo RcppEigen (>= 0.3.4.0.0), RcppParallel (>= 5.1.4)

VignetteBuilder knitr

SystemRequirements GNU make, pandoc

Depends R (>= 3.6.0)

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

NeedsCompilation yes

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2 CxxFlags

Description

Output the compiler or linker flags required to build with the **StanHeaders** package

Usage

```
CxxFlags(as_character = FALSE)
LdFlags(as_character = FALSE)
```

Arguments

as_character

A logical scalar that defaults to FALSE that indicates whether to return the compiler or linker flags as a character vector of length one. Otherwise, the compiler or linker flags are merely output to the screen, which is appropriate when called from a Makevars or Makevars.win file

Details

These functions are currently not exported and are typically called from a Makevars or a Makevars.win file of another package.

Value

If as_character is TRUE, then these functions return a character vector of length one. Otherwise, (which is the default) these functions return NULL invisibly after outputing the compiler or linker flags to the screen.

stanFunction

Compile and Call a Stan Math Function

Description

Call a function defined in the Stan Math Library from R using this wrapper around cppFunction.

Usage

Arguments

function_name

A character vector of length one that is the unscoped basename of a C++ function under the prim/ directory of the Stan Math Library that you would like to evaluate. Functions (such as integrate_1d) of other functions are not permitted and neither are functions (such as reject) of characters.

. . .

Further arguments that are passed to function_name in tag = value form, which are passed to function_name by *position*. See the Details and Examples sections.

Details

The stanFunction function essentially compiles and evaluates a C++ function of the form

```
auto function_name(...) { return stan::math::function_name(...); }
```

It is essential to pass all arguments to function_name through the ... in order for the C++ wrapper to know what the argument types are. The mapping between R types and Stan types is

R type	Stan type
double	real
integer	int
complex	complex
vector	<pre>vector or complex_vector</pre>
matrix(*, nrow = 1)	<pre>row_vector or complex_row_vector</pre>
matrix	<pre>matrix or complex_matrix</pre>

and, in addition, lists of the aforementioned R types map to arrays of Stan types and thus must not be ragged if they are nested. The Stan version of the function is called with arguments specified by position, i.e. in the order that they appear in the However, the R wrapper function has arguments whose names are the same as the names passed through the

Value

The result of function_name evaluated at the arguments that are passed through the ..., which could be of various R types. It also has the side effect of defining a function named function_name in the environment given by the env argument that can subsequently be called with inputs of the same type (but not necessarily the same value) that were passed through the

Examples

```
files <- dir(system.file("include", "stan", "math", "prim",</pre>
                         package = "StanHeaders"),
             pattern = "hpp$", recursive = TRUE)
functions <- sub("\\.hpp$", "",</pre>
                 sort(unique(basename(files[dirname(files) != "."]))))
length(functions) # you could call most of these Stan functions
## Not run:
  log(sum(exp(exp(1)), exp(pi))) # true value
  stanFunction("log_sum_exp", x = exp(1), y = pi)
  args(log_sum_exp) # now exists in .GlobalEnv
  log_sum_exp(x = pi, y = exp(1))
  # but log_sum_exp() was not defined for a vector or matrix
  x \leftarrow c(exp(1), pi)
  try(log_sum_exp(x))
  stanFunction("log_sum_exp", x = x) # now it is
  # log_sum_exp() is now also defined for a matrix
  log_sum_exp(as.matrix(x))
  log_sum_exp(t(as.matrix(x)))
  log_sum_exp(rbind(x, x))
  # but log_sum_exp() was not defined for a list
  try(log_sum_exp(as.list(x)))
  stanFunction("log_sum_exp", x = as.list(x)) # now it is
  # in rare cases, passing a nested list is needed
```

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```
character, \mathcal{J} cppFunction, \mathcal{J} CxxFlags, \mathcal{L} FALSE, \mathcal{J} LdFlags (CxxFlags), \mathcal{L} NULL, \mathcal{J} stanFunction, \mathcal{J} TRUE, \mathcal{J}
```